Financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022



CONTENTS

	Pages
General information	1
Report of management	2
ndependent auditors' report	3-4
ncome statement	5-6
Statement of financial position	7 - 9
Statement of changes in equity	10
Statement of cash flow	11 - 12
Notes to the financial statements	13 - 34

GENERAL INFORMATION

THE BRANCH

Maybank Lao Branch ("the Branch") is a branch established in Lao People's Democratic Republic ("Lao PDR") of Malayan Banking Berhad, a bank incorporated in Malaysia. The Branch operates under Banking License No. 35/BOL granted by Bank of the Lao PDR ("the BOL") on 26 October 2012 and the second amended Banking License No. 18/BOL dated 19 November 2018.

The initial registered capital of the Branch is LAK 100,661,400,000. The actual paid-up capital as at 31 December 2022 is LAK 200,783,129,000 (31 December 2021: LAK 200,783,129,000).

The principal activities of the Branch are to provide comprehensive banking and related financial services in Lao PDR.

The Branch is located at No. 43, 45, 47 Lane Xang Avenue, Hatsady Village, Chantabouly District, Vientiane Lao PDR.

MANAGEMENT

Members of the Management during the year and at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position	Date of appointment
Mr. Tan Tee Huat	General Manager	Appointed on 12 March 2019
Ms. Phengsomchith Phonphosy	Deputy General Manager	Appointed on 1 January 2020
Mrs. Amphaivanh Muonghane	Head of Operation Department	Appointed on 1 April 2018
Mr. Sithiphon Sisudajan	Head of Finance Department	Appointed on 28 May 2018
Mr. Phethanousone Xayarath	Head of Business Development Department	Appointed on 1 November 2018
Mr. Keochai Mayyavongsink	Head of Credit Administration Department	Appointed on 1 January 2017

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Branch during the year end 31 December 2022 and at the date of this is Mr. Tan Tee Huat – General Director.

AUDITOR

The auditor of the Branch is Ernst & Young Lao Co., Ltd.

REPORT OF BRANCH MANAGEMENT

Management of Maybank Lao Branch ("the Branch") is pleased to present this report and the Branch's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Branch's management is responsible for the financial statements of each financial year which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Branch and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year. In preparing those financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Branch will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Branch and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Branch and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying financial statements.

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying financial statements are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Accounting Law of Lao PDR and the regulations stipulated by Bank of the Lao PDR relevant to preparation and presentation of financial statements.

For and on behalf of Management:

DACOUNT CONT Grerere

Maleyan Banking Berked Leo Branch

000

Mr. Tan Tee Huat General Manager

Vientiane, Lao PDR

27 March 2023



Ernst & Young Lao Co., Ltd 6th floor, Kolao Tower I, 23 Singha Road Nongbone Village, Saysettha District Vientiane Capital, Lao P.D.R. Tet: +856 21 455 077 Fax: +856 21 455 078 ev.com

Reference: 11914068/66856020 - LAS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To: The Management of Maybank Lao Branch

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maybank Lao Branch ("the Branch"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Branch are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Accounting Law of Lao PDR and with the regulations stipulated by Bank of the Lao PDR relevant to preparation and presentation of financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Lao PDR, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting adopted by the Branch. These accounting policies are not intended to present the financial position, the results of operations and cash flows of the Branch in accordance with international generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Branch's Management for the Financial Statements

The Branch's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Law of Lao PDR and with the regulations stipulated by Bank of the Lao PDR relevant to preparation and presentation of financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Branch's Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with the Branch's Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ernst & Young Lao Co., Ltd.

Vientiane, Lao PDR

27 March 2023

INCOME STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2022

Code	ITEMS	Notes	2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
Α.	OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES			
1.	Interest and similar income	3	12,807,766	11,823,544
2.	Interest and similar expenses	3	(1,874,716)	(3,540,435)
I.	NET INTEREST AND SIMILAR INCOME		10,933,050	8,283,109
3	Fee and commission income	4	976,240	640,706
4	Fee and commission expenses	4	(331,867)	(188,368)
5	Net gain from dealing in foreign currencies		3,999,454	54,574
II.	NET OPERATING INCOME	15,576,877 8		8,790,021
В	OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES			
6	Other operating income	5	514,598	212,357
7	Administration expenses	95355	(14,515,962)	(10,248,941)
7.1	Payroll and other staff costs	6 7	(10,567,481)	(6,973,595)
7.2	Other administration expenses	7	(3,948,481)	(3,275,346)
8	Depreciation and amortization charges		(1,926,694)	(2,004,744)
9	Other operating expenses	8	(859,000)	(120,913)

INCOME STATEMENT (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2022

Code	ITEMS	Notes	2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
10	Net provision reversal/(charges) for non-performing loans	13.2	24,680	(713,088)
III.	TOTAL LOSS BEFORE TAX		(1,185,501)	(4,085,308)
11	Current profit tax	18.3	-	-
IV.	LOSS AFTER TAX		(1,185,501)	(4,085,308)

uning Re unication (Delo unication (Delo unication Bundan Deloca Unication Bundan Deloca Las Branch

Reviewed by:

Mr. Tan Tee Huat

General Manager

Prepared by:

Mr. Sithiphon Sisudajan

Head of Finance Department

Vientiane, Lao PDR

27 March 2023

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 31 December 2022

Code	ASSETS	Notes	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
1	Cash and balances with Bank of the			
	Lao PDR ("BOL")		141,611,695	127,505,437
1	Cash on hand	9	3,899,811	6,192,980
2	Balances with the BOL	10	137,711,884	121,312,457
11	Due from banks		35,139,004	38,118,502
1	Demand deposits	11.1	3,628,234	21,408,502
2	Term deposits	11.2	31,510,770	16,710,000
Ш	Investment in securities		11,400,000	
1	Held to maturity securities	12	11,400,000	-
IV	Loans and advances to customers, net of specific provision for credit			
	activities	13	138,854,127	141,817,159
V	Fixed assets and Right-of-use asset		7,798,101	9,239,136
1	Tangible fixed assets	14.1	726,072	1,295,084
2	Intangible assets	14.2	66,733	101,437
3	Fixed assets in transit	14.3	495,588	225,124
4	Right of use assets	14.4	6,509,708	7,617,491
VI	Other assets		9,761,518	8,227,846
1	Accrued interest receivables		5,028,436	3,780,783
2	Other assets	15	4,733,082	4,447,063
	TOTAL ASSETS		344,564,445	324,908,080

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) as at 31 December 2022

Code	LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	Notes	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
			40.505.000	00 404 000
	Due to banks	404	16,505,228	22,401,980
1	Demand deposits	16.1	16,505,228	22,401,980
2	Term deposits	16.2	-	-
Ш	Due to customers	17	150,155,836	125,804,617
1	Demand deposits		20,616,446	19,039,656
2	Saving deposits		30,746,487	25,525,535
3	Term deposits		25,576,268	36,934,949
4	Other payable to customers		73,216,635	44,304,477
Ш	Other liabilities		14,023,242	11,422,028
1	Accrued interest payables		466,913	955,766
2	Other payables	19	13,556,329	10,466,262
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		180,684,306	159,628,625
IV	Capital and reserves			
	Paid-up capital	20	200,783,129	200,783,129
1 2 3 4	Regulatory reserve fund		5,633,965	5,633,965
3	General provision for credit activities	13.2	484,422	698,237
4	Accumulated losses		(43,555,277)	(41,835,876)
	TOTAL CAPITAL		163,346,139	165,279,455
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL		344,564,445	324,908,080

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) as at 31 December 2022

Code	OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
1	Commitments given		
1	Commitments for financing given to customers	3,443,800	4,456,000
	TOTAL COMMITMENTS GIVEN	3,443,800	4,456,000
н	Collaterals and Mortgages		
Α	Collaterals and Mortgages for loans	10,155,119,713	5,468,277,483
1	Collaterals and Mortgages for loans to customers	10,155,119,713	5,468,277,483
B 1	Collaterals and Mortgages for guarantees Collaterals and Mortgages for guarantees given to	3,443,800	4,456,000
	customers	3,443,800	4,456,000
	COLLATERALS AND MORTGAGES	10,158,563,513	5,472,733,483

Prepared by:

Mr. Sithiphon Sisudajan Head of Finance Department

Reviewed by:

ມາເລຍັນ ເປີຍໄດ້ สายาลาอ

UPPER LINE

Malayan Banking Berlins Lea Branch gay

Mr. Tan Tee Auat General Manager

Vientiane, Lao PDR

27 March 2023

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 December 2022

ITEMS	Paid-up capital LAK'000	Regulatory reserve fund LAK'000	General provision for credit activities LAK'000	Accumulated losses LAK'000	Total LAK'000
Balance as at 1 January 2022 Net loss for the year	200,783,129	5,633,965	698,237	(41,835,876) (1,185,501)	165,279,455 (1,185,501)
Net general provision for normal or pass loans reversed during the year Foreign exchange differences	* *		(312,055)		(312,055) 98,240
Balance as at 31 December 2022	200,783,129	5,633,965	484,422	(43,021,377)	163,880,139

Prepared by:

Mr. Sithiphon Sisudajan Head of Finance Department

Vientiane, Lao PDR

27 March 2023

Experience of the series of th

- N. VOLV ... 171

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW for the year ended 31 December 2022

ITEMS	Notes	2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
Net loss before tax		(1,185,501)	(4,085,308)
Adjustments for:		11/22/2-2015/2-011	
Depreciation and amortization charges	0997898	1,926,694	2,004,744
Provision for credit losses	13.2	759,543	635,138
Interest income		(12,807,766)	(11,823,544)
Interest expense		1,874,716	3,540,435
Foreign exchange gain arising from revaluation of			
monetary accounts denominated in foreign			
currency		(3,999,454)	(54,574)
Cash flows used in operations before changes			
in operating assets and liabilities		(13,431,768)	(9,783,109)
(Decrease)/ Increase in operating assets			
Due from banks		(15,008,862)	70,332,060
Loans and advances to customers		1,753,732	13,470,115
Other assets		(148,318)	(17,242)
Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities			
Due to banks		(5,896,752)	(114,289,792)
Customer deposits and other amounts due to		4-34-0-10-0-10-0-1	AND ADDRESS OF THE STATE OF THE
customers		24,351,219	(73,116,335)
Other liabilities		7,187,762	2,309,358
Interest received		11,560,113	10,297,784
Interest paid		(2,363,569)	(8,189,549)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating			
activities		8,003,557	(108,986,710)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to acquire property and equipment		(485,659)	(140,744)
Investment in securities		(11,400,000)	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(11,885,659)	(140,744)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2022

ITEMS	Notes	2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net cash flows from financing activities		22	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(3,882,102)	(109,127,454)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		120,293,539	229,420,993
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	21	116,411,437	120,293,539

กงเซลุก กระบ เหต่องเก

Maleyan Berhing Berhad Lao Branch

gag

Reviewed by:

Mr. Tan Tee Huat

General Manager

Prepared by:

Mr. Sithiphon Sisudajan Head of Finance Department

Vientiane, Lao PDR

27 March 2023

12

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Maybank Lao Branch (the "Branch") is a foreign bank branch which is incorporated and registered in Lao PDR.

Establishment and operations

The Branch is a branch of Malayan Banking Berhad, a bank incorporated in Malaysia. The Branch operates under Banking License No. 35/BOL granted by Bank of the Lao PDR ("the BOL") on 26 October 2012 and the second amended Banking License No. 18/BOL dated 19 November 2018.

The initial registered capital of the Branch is LAK 100,661,400,000. The actual paid-up capital as at 31 December 2022 is LAK 200,783,129,000 (31 December 2021: LAK 200,783,129,000).

The principal activities of the Branch are to provide comprehensive banking and related financial services in Lao PDR.

Location

The Branch is located at No.43, 45, 47 Lane Xang Avenue, Hatsady Village, Chantabouly District, Vientiane, Lao PDR.

Employees

Total number of employees of the Branch as at 31 December 2022 is 27 people (2021: 28 people).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1. Statement of compliance

Management of the Branch states that the accompanying financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the Accounting Law of Lao PDR and the regulations stipulated by Bank of the Lao PDR relevant to the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

2.2. Basis of preparation

The Branch maintains its accounting records in Lao Kip ("LAK") and prepare its financial statements in thousands of Lao Kip ("LAK'000") in accordance with Decree No. 02/PR by the Prime Minister of Lao PDR dated 22 March 2000 and the Accounting Law of Lao PDR and the regulations stipulated by Bank of the Lao PDR relevant to the preparation and presentation of financial statements ("LAS").

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using accounting principles, procedures and reporting practices generally accepted in Lao PDR. Accordingly, the income statement, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flow and the notes thereto are not designed for those who are not informed about Lao PDR's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the financial position of the Branch and its results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Lao PDR.

Fiscal year

The fiscal year of the Branch starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.3. Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted by the Branch in preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those used in preparation of the Branch's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

2.4. Recognition of interest income and expenses

Interest income and expense are recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis using straight-line method and the interest rates stipulated in the loan/deposit contracts with customers.

The recognition of accrued interest income is suspended when the loans becoming nonperforming (See Note 2.8 for the definition of non-performing loans) or when management believes that the borrower has no ability to repay the interest and principal. Interest income on such loans is only recorded in the income statement when actually received.

2.5. Recognition of fees and commission

Fees and commission consists of fees received for fund transfer (including trade settlement), fee arising for foreign currency exchange transactions and fee arising from financial guarantees.

Fee and commissions are recognized in income statement on a cash basis.

2.6. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash; highly liquid short-term investments with an original maturity of less than 30 days that are readily convertible to known amount of cash; and accounts due from banks with original maturity of less than 30 days.

2.7. Loans to customers

Loans to customers are recognized at cost and presented at outstanding balance less specific provision for credit activities as at the year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.8. Classificantion of and provision for credit activities

Loan classification

In accordance with Regulation 512/BOL ("BOL512") dated 29 June 2018 and Official Letter No. 898/CBSD ("OL898") dated 14 November 2018, the Branch has classified loans into 5 groups based on the payment arrears status and other qualitative factors. Loans classified as either Normal or Pass (Group A) or Watch or Special Mention (Group B) are considered as Performing loans. Loans classified as either Substandard (Group C) or Doubtful (Group D) or Loss (Group E) are considered as Non-performing loans ("NPL").

The Branch also applies the Regulation 238/BOL dated 26 March 2020 and Guidance 249/BOL dated 11 May 2020 by the BOL on loan restructuring, extension and retention of loan classification group to assist the borrowers affected by Covid-19 pandemic. Accordingly, the Bank has restructured the loans qualified and retained their classification groups as before 01 January 2020.

Provision

In accordance with BOL512 and OL898, the Branch creates provision for loans based on their classification groups as follows:

Group	Provisio n rate	Provision type (i)	Accounting for provision balance (ii)	Accounting for changes in provision balance (iii)
Perform	ing loans			
Α	0.5%	General	In equity	Other operating expenses
В	3.0%	Specific	Deducted to loan balance	Other operating expenses
NPLs				
С	20.0%	Specific	Deducted to loan balance	Net provision for NPL
D	50.0%	Specific	Deducted to loan balance	Net provision for NPL
E	100.0%	Specific	Deducted to loan balance	Net provision for NPL

(i) Provision amount is calculated by the following formulas:

- a. Provision for performing loans = Provision rate x Loan outstanding balance
- b. Provision for non performing loans = Provision rate x (Loan outstanding balance discounted value of collateral)

where the Branch has opted to not include the discounted value of collateral in the provision calculation as allowed by BOL512 and BOL898.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Classificantion of and provision for credit activities (continued)

(ii) The balance of provision for loans classified into Group A is recorded in the balance sheet in "General provision for credit activities" under capital and reserves of the Branch.

Accumulated balance of provision for NPLs and performing loans classified in group B is recorded in the statement of Financial Position in "Loans to customers, net of specific provision for credit activities".

(iii) Changes in provision for performing loans are recorded to the income statement as "Other operating expenses" for provision expense and "Other operating income" for reversal of provision expense.

Changes in provision for NPLs are recorded to the income statement as "Net provision for NPLs charged to/(reversed out of) expense ".

2.9. Fixed assets

Fixed asset includes tangible fixed assets, intangible assets and fixed assets in transit. Tangible fixed assets consist of buildings and improvements, office equipment, furniture and fixtures, computer equipment and motor vehicles. Intangible assets include computer software.

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization, if any.

The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price plus any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are capitalized and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the income statement.

When assets are sold or disposed, their cost and accumulated depreciation/amortisation are removed from the balance sheet and any gains or losses resulting from their disposal are posted to the income statement.

2.10. Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets

Depreciation of fixed assets are made on the straight line basis at prescribed rates over their estimated useful life in accordance with the Tax Law No. 67/NA dated 18 June 2019 which is effective on or after 1 January 2020 stipulated by the President of the National Assembly. The following are the annual rates used:

Tangible fixed assets:	
Buildings & improvements	10%
Office equipment	20%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Computer equipment	20%
Motor vehicles	20%

Intangible assets:	
Computer software	20%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.11. Statutory reserves

Under the requirements of the Law on commercial Bank dated 7 December 2018, commercial banks are required to appropriate net profit to following reserves:

- ▶ Regulatory reserve fund
- Business expansion fund and other funds

In accordance with Article 156, Enterprise Law dated 26 December 2013, the Branch is required to appropriate 10% of profit after tax each year into regulatory reserve fund. When this reserve fund reaches 50% of the registered capital, the Branch may suspend such provision, unless otherwise provided by the laws. The Branch expansion fund and other funds shall be upon decision of the Management. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Branch operated at loss and did not appropriate to these funds.

2.12 Leases

2.12.1. Right-of-use assets

At inception of a contract, the Branch assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease arrangement based on whether the contract that conveys to the user (the lessee) the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. If a contract contains more than one lease component, or a combination of leasing and services transactions, the consideration is allocated to each of these lease and non-lease components on conclusion and on each subsequent re-measurement of the contract on the basis of their relative stand-alone selling prices. The Branch combines lease and non-lease components, in cases where splitting the non-lease component is not possible.

The Branch recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The lease term includes periods covered by an option to extend if the Branch is reasonably certain to exercise that option. Unless the Branch is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment assessment.

2.12.2. Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Branch recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Branch and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Branch exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.12 Leases (continued)

2.12.2. Lease liabilities (continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Branch uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

2.12.3. Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Branch applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of assets that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2.12.4. Significant judgement in determining the lease term of contracts

The Branch determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Branch applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal. After the commencement date, the Branch reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew (e.g., a change in business strategy). The Branch included the renewal period as part of the lease term for leases of premises and IT equipment due to the significance of these assets to its operations.

2.13. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in original currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency at the spot rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end are translated into LAK at exchange rates ruling on the statement of financial position date (see the list of exchange rates of applicable foreign currencies against LAK on 31 December 2022 as presented below). All foreign exchange differences are taken into "Net gain/(loss) from dealing in foreign currencies" in the income statement.

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	LAK	LAK
United State Dollar ("USD")	17,219	11,140
Thai Baht ("THB")	497.00	345.80

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.14. Taxation

Current tax

Provision is made for profit tax on the current period's profits, based on the Tax Law governing taxation within Lao PDR. The Branch is obliged to pay profit tax at rate of 20% of total profit before tax in accordance with the new Tax Law No.67/NA dated 18 June 2019 which is effective on or after 1 January 2020. Accordingly, the Branch is subject to the tax rate of 20%. The Branch's tax returns are subject to examination by the tax authorities. Because the application of tax laws and regulations in many types of transactions is susceptible to varying interpretations, amounts reported in the financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it becomes probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current and deferred taxes are recognized as income tax benefits or expenses in the income statement.

The Branch only off-sets its deferred tax assets against liabilities when there is both a legal right to offset and it is the Branch's intention to settle on a net basis.

2.15. Employee benefits

Post employment benefits

Post employment benefits are paid to retired employees of the Branch by the Social Security Fund Department which belongs to the Ministry of Labor and Social Welfare. The Branch is required to contribute to these post employment benefits by paying social insurance premium to the Social Insurance Agency at the rate of 6.00% of employee's basic salary on a monthly basis. The Branch has no further obligation concerning post employment benefits for its employees other than this.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.15. Employee benefits (continued)

Termination benefits

In accordance with Article 82 of the Amended Labour Law No. 43/NA approved by the President of the Lao People's Democratic Republic on 28 January 2014, the Branch has the obligation to pay allowance for employees who are terminated by dismissal in the following cases:

- The employee lacks of specialised skills or is not in good health and thus cannot continue to work;
- The employer considers it necessary to reduce the number of workers in order to improve the work within the labour unit.

For the termination of an employment contract on any of the above-mentioned grounds, the employer must pay a termination allowance which is calculated on the basis of 10% of the basic monthly salary earned before the termination of work for the worker who has worked for less than three years. As at 31 December 2022, there are no employees of the Branch who were dismissed under the above-mentioned grounds; therefore the Branch has not made a provision for termination allowance in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

3. NET INTEREST AND SIMILAR INCOME

		2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
	20 0 0 0 0 0		LAK 000
	Interest and similar income from: Interbank transactions	383,760	162,908
	Loans to customers	12,424,006	11,660,636
		12,807,766	11,823,544
	Interest and similar expenses for:		
	Interbank transactions		(4,430)
	Customer deposits	(1,874,716)	(3,536,005)
		(1,874,716)	(3,540,435)
	Net interest and similar income	10,933,050	8,283,109
4.	FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME		
		2022	2021
		LAK'000	LAK'000
	Fees and commission income from:	700 000	400 457
	Trade finance activities Settlement activities	766,893 209,347	486,157 154,549
	Settlement activities	976,240	640,706
	Fees and commission expense for:		
	Transactions with customers	(331,867)	(188,368)
		(331,867)	(188,368)
	Net fee and commission income	644,373	452,338
5.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
		2022	2021
		LAK'000	LAK'000
	Income from transactions with other banks	371,766	69,778
	Reversal of provision for performing loans (Note 13.2)	_	77,950
	Recovery of bad debts written off	141,703	57,000
	Others	1,129	7,629
		514,598	212,357
6.	PAYROLL AND OTHER STAFF COSTS		
		2022	2021
		LAK'000	LAK'000
	Wages and allowances	10,288,862	6,851,247
	Other staff costs	278,619	122,348
		10,567,481	6,973,595

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

7. OTHER ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

		2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
	Office rental	190,469	263,466
	Fuel	42,365	15,315
	Office stationery	112,813	105,236
	Publication, marketing and promotion	3,532	444
	Telecommunication	141,401	146,627
	Repair and maintenance	2,117,675	1,720,225
	Electricity and water	136,971	166,253
	Professional fees	558,164	450,081
	Insurance fee	177,195	118,134
	Office expenses	133,200	140,841
	Consultant fees	316,592	55,320
	Others	18,104	93,404
	_	3,948,481	3,275,346
8.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		
		2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
	Net provision expense of performing loans		
	(Note 13.2)	784,223	•
	Deposit insurance paid to Depositor Protection Fund	74,777	120,913
	_	859,000	120,913
9.	CASH ON HAND		
		31/12/2022	31/12/2021
		LAK'000	LAK'000
	Cash on hand in LAK	1,075,657	1,862,987
	Cash on hand in foreign currencies	2,824,154	4,329,993
	_	3,899,811	6,192,980

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

10. BALANCES WITH THE BOL

137,711,884	121,312,457
25,031,729	25,031,729
3,796,763	3,588,671
108,883,392	92,692,057
31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000

Balances with the BOL include demand deposits, compulsory reserve and registered capital reserve. These balances earn no interest.

Under regulations of the BOL, the Branch is required to maintain certain reserves with the BOL in the form of compulsory deposits, which are computed at 5.00% for LAK and other currencies (2021: 3.00% and 5.00%) on a bi-monthly basis, of customer deposits having original maturities of less than 12 months. During the year, the Branch maintained its compulsory deposits in compliance with the requirements by the BOL.

Under regulation of Decree No. 02/PR of the BOL, foreign bank branches are required to maintain a minimum balance of special deposit at the BOL which is equivalent to 25% of their paid-up capital to secure for their operational continuance. As at 31 December 2022, the balance of special deposit of the Branch is LAK'000 25,031,279, which is equivalent to USD 1,453,727.

11. DUE FROM BANKS

11.1 Demand deposits

		31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
	Balances with domestic banks Banque Pour le Commerce Exterieur Lao Public		1,143,464 1,143,464
	Balances with overseas banks Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited Maybank - New York Branch	3,628,234 1,018,140 2,610,094	20,265,038 1,564,287 18,700,751
		3,628,234	21,408,502
11.2	Term deposits		
		31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
	Balances with overseas bank Maybank – Head Office	31,510,770 31,510,770	16,710,000 16,710,000
	30.75.770.30.73	31,510,770	16,710,000

The term deposits at Maybank - Head Office has the term of 3 months and earn interest rates ranging from 0.11% to 0.18% per annum.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

12. HELD-TO-MATURITY SECURITIES

	31/12/2022 LAKm	31/12/2021 LAKm
Bonds issued by the MOF	11,400,000	-
	11,400,000	

Details of bonds issued by the MOF as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

Term	Purchase date	Maturity date	Face value LAKm	Interest rate % per annum
12 months	13-Jan-22	13-Jan-23	11,400,000	5,25%
			11,400,000	

13. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS, NET OF SPECIFIC PROVISION FOR CREDIT ACTIVITES

	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
Loans and advances to customers In which:	140,152,163	141,905,895
Financial institutions	39,597,387	20,562,374
Others	100,554,776	121,343,521
Less specific provision (Note 13.2) In which:	(1,298,036)	(88,736)
Specific provision for special mention loans		(64,056)
Specific provision for non-performing loans	(1,298,036)	(24,680)
	138,854,127	141,817,159
	2022	2021
	Interest rates	Interest rates
	% per annum	% per annum
Loans and advances in LAK	3.50 - 12.00	3.50 - 12.00
Loans and advances in USD	4.65 - 10.00	4.65 - 11.00
Loans and advances in THB	7.75 - 9.25	6.25 - 9.25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS, NET OF SPECIFIC PROVISION FOR CREDIT ACTIVITES (continued)

13.1 Analysis of loans to customers

Analysis by currency

	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
Loans and advances in LAK Loans and advances in USD Loans and advances in THB	79,901,638 46,494,952 13,755,573	86,745,585 33,120,404 22,039,906
	140,152,163	141,905,895
Analysis by status of loans		
	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
Performing loans Non-performing loans	140,152,163	141,782,497 123,398
	140,152,163	141,905,895
Analysis by original terms		
	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
Short-term loans	85,291,752	82,687,712
Medium-term loans Long-term loans	3,726,347 51,134,064	5,027,471 54,190,712
THE COLUMN TWO SET AND ADDRESS OF THE COLUMN TWO SETS OF THE COLUMN	140,152,163	141,905,895

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS, NET OF SPECIFIC PROVISION FOR CREDIT ACTIVITES (continued)

13.1 Analysis of loans to customers (continued)

Analysis by industrial sector

	140,152,163	141,905,895
Other loans	22,782,335	27,080,256
Service companies	39,597,387	45,427,103
Trading companies	77,772,441	69,295,003
Construction companies	-	103,533
	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000

13.2 Changes in provision for credit losses

Movement of loan loss provision of the Branch during the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

Balance as at 31 December	1,298,036	484,422	1,782,458
Foreign exchange differences	137,702	98,240	235,943
Provision charged to/(reversed from) expense (24,680)		(312,055)	759,543
Balance as at 31 December 2021 24,680	64,056	698,237	786,973
Specific provision for non- performing loans ("NPL") LAK'000	Specific provision for special mention loans	General provision for normal or pass loans LAK'000	Total LAK'000

The breakdown of loan classification and provision as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

Classification	Loan balance LAK'000	Sepcific provision LAK'000	General provision LAK'000	Total provision LAK'000
Normal or Pass	96,884,303	-	484,422	484,422
Watch or Special Mention	43,267,860	1,298,036	-	1,298,036
Sub-standard	-	-		-
Doubtful	12	-	-	
Loss	*	-	-	
Total	140,152,163	1,298,036	484,422	1,782,458

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

FIXED ASSETS AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

14.1 Tangible fixed assets

Movements of tangible fixed assets during the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	Building and improvement LAK'000	Office equipment LAK'000	Furniture and fixtures LAK'000	Computer equipment LAK'000	Motor vehicles LAK'000	Total LAK'000
Cost:						
As at 31 December 2021 Additions	11,572,564	829,256	849,940	3,294,633	855,971	17,402,364
As at 31 December 2022	11,572,564	829,256	849,940	3,509,828	855,971	17,617,559
Accumulated depreciation:						
As at 31 December 2021 Charge for the year	10,953,158 578,722	814,776 5,342	819,254	2,664,121	855,971	16,107,280
As at 31 December 2022	11,531,880	820,118	833,916	2,849,602	855,971	16,891,487
Net book value:						
As at 31 December 2021	619,406	14,480	30,686	630,512		1,295,084
As at 31 December 2022	40,684	9,138	16,024	660,226	10	726,072
						ļ

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

14. FIXED ASSETS AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

14.2 Intangible assets

Movements of intangible assets during the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

			Computer software LAK'000
	Cost:		
	As at 31 December 2021 Additions for the year	_	1,807,047
	As at 31 December 2022	<u>=</u>	1,807,047
	Accumulated depreciation:		
	As at 31 December 2021 Charge for the year	s-	1,705,610 34,704
	As at 31 December 2022	(<u>-</u>	1,740,314
	Net book value:		
	As at 31 December 2021	_	101,437
	As at 31 December 2022	_	66,733
14.3	Fixed assets in transit		
		31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
	Tangible assets	147,616	205 404
	Intangible assets	347,972	225,124
		495,588	225,124
14.4	Right of use assets		
		_	Right-of-use assets LAK'000
	Cost: As at 1 January 2021 Addition		11,485,816
	Reassessment	_	(1,652,760)
	As at 31 December 2022	-	9,833,056
	Accumulated depreciation: As at 1 January 2021 Charge during the year Reassessment	_	3,868,325 1,107,783 (1,652,760)
	As at 31 December 2022		3,323,348
	Net book value:		
	As at 1 January 2021	9 <u></u>	7,617,491
	As at 31 December 2022	_	6,509,708

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

14. FIXED ASSETS AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

14.4 Right of use assets (continued)

Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities (included under 'Other payables' in Note 19) and the movements during the period:

		2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
	As at 1 January	8,629,451	6,943,325
	Additions Accretion of interest	190,469	263,466
	Payment Exchange differences	(2,704,733) 4,236,558	1,422,660
	As at 31 December	10,351,745	8,629,451
15.	OTHER ASSETS		
		31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
	Prepaid expenses waiting allocation Profit tax prepayment (Note 18.2) Suspend asset items	327,090 4,065,324	134,214 4,065,324
	Others	340,668	247,525
		4,733,082	4,447,063
16.	DUE TO BANKS		
16.1	Demand deposits		
		31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
	Balances of foreign banks		
	Malayan Banking Berhad, Head Office	16,505,228	22,401,980
		16,505,228	22,401,980

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

17. DUE TO CUSTOMERS

18.

18.1

Details of amounts due to customers as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
Demand deposits - in LAK - in foreign currencies	20,616,446 3,867,549 16,748,897	19,039,656 3,563,978 15,475,678
Saving deposits - in LAK - in foreign currencies	30,746,487 3,544,868 27,201,619	25,525,535 1,835,262 23,690,273
Term deposits - in LAK - in foreign currencies	25,576,268 399,607 25,176,661	36,934,949 1,261,010 35,673,939
Other payables - in LAK - in foreign currencies	73,216,635 4,728 73,211,907	44,304,477 4,727 44,299,750
	150,155,836	125,804,617
The interest rates for these deposits are as follows:		
	2022 Interest rate % p.a.	2021 Interest rate % p.a.
Demand deposits in LAK Demand deposits in foreign currencies	No interest No interest	No interest No interest
Saving deposits in LAK Saving deposits in USD Saving deposits in THB	1.89 1.75 1.75	1.89 1.75 1.75
Term deposits in LAK Term deposits in foreign currencies	3.16 - 6.77 2.65 - 5.00	3.16 - 6.77 2.65 - 5.00
TAXATION		
Taxes prepayment		
	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
Profit tax prepayment	4,065,324	4,065,324
	4,065,324	4,065,324

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

TAXATION (continued)

18.2 Profit tax

Provision is made for profit tax on the current year's profits, based on the Tax Law governing taxation within Lao PDR. The Branch is obliged to pay tax at 20% at total profit before tax in accordance with the Tax Law No.67/NA dated 18 June 2019 which is effective on or after 1 January 2020.

Details of profit tax ("PT") provision for the years 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

_	2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
Loss before tax in accordance with Lao Accounting System	(1,185,506)	(4,085,308)
Less: Non-taxable income		(1,484,409)
Add: Non-deductible expense	637,792	40,476
Taxable loss	(1,823,298)	(5,529,241)
PT expenses at 20% of taxable profit		-
Current PT expense PT recoverable at the beginning of the year PT paid during the year	(4,065,324)	(4,065,324)
PT recoverable at the end of the year	(4,065,324)	(4,065,324)

The Branch's tax returns are subject to examination by the tax authorities. Because the application of tax laws and regulations in many types of transactions is susceptible to varying interpretations, amounts reported in the financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

Tax losses carried forward

For tax loss incurred in 2020, 2021 and 2022, in accordance with the amended Tax Law No. 67/NA dated 18 June 2019, article 23, annual losses which are certified by the audit authority or an independent audit firm and acknowledged by the tax authorities, are eligible to be carried forward to offset with future taxable profits for a period of five years after the losses incurred.

Tax losses incurred in 2019 and before are eligible to be carried forward to offset with future taxable profits for a period of three years after the losses incurred, in accordance with the previous Tax Law.

At the balance sheet date, the Branch has aggrated accumulated tax losses of LAK'000 12,020,408 (31 December 2021: LAK'000 12,350,677) available for offset against future taxable profits. Details are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

18. TAXATION (continued)

18.3 Profit tax (continued)

Year	Can be utilized up to	Additional losses incurred for the year LAK'000	Utilized in A the year LAK'000	Amount unused but is not eligible for next year's use LAK'000	Eligible unused tax loss at the end of the year LAK'000
2018 (*)	2021	(42,368,565)	-	42,368,565	(#
2019 (*)	2022	(2,153,567)	-	2,153,567	
2020 (*)	2025	(4,667,869)			(4,667,869)
2021 (*)	2026	(5,529,241)			(5,529,241)
2022 (*)	2027	(1,823,298)		-	(1,823,298)
		(56,542,540)		44,522,132	(12,020,408)

^(*) At the date of these financial statements, the tax assessment for the years ended 31 December 2019, 31 December 2020, 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2022 has not been finalised by the Tax Authority.

19. OTHER PAYABLES

	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000
Payables to external parties	1,294,977	509,560
Payables to employees	1,783,153	1,275,091
Others	126,454	52,160
Lease liabilities	10,351,745	8,629,451
	13,556,329	10,466,262

PAID-UP CAPITAL

The movement of paid up capital during the year is presented below:

	2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
Opening balance	200,783,129	200,783,129
Closing balance	200,783,129	200,783,129

21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	116,411,437	120,293,539
Current accounts with other banks	3,628,234	21,408,502
Current accounts with the BOL	108,883,392	92,692,057
Cash on hand	3,899,811	6,192,980
	LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions include all transactions undertaken with other parties to which the Branch is related. A party is related to the Branch if:

- (a) directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the party:
 - controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Branch (this includes parents, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries);
 - has an interest in the Branch that gives it significant influence over the Branch; or
 - has joint control over the Branch.
- (b) the party is a joint venture in which the Branch is a venture;
- (c) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Branch or its parent;
- (d) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in (a) or (c);
- (e) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by, or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (c) or (d); or
- (f) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the Branch, or of any entity that is a related party of the Branch.

Balances with related parties as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 are as follows:

	31/12/2022 Receivables/ (payables) LAK'000	31/12/2021 Receivables/ (payables) LAK'000
Interbank with Maybank - Head Office Vostro account Term deposits	(16,505,228) 31,510,770	(22,401,980) 16,710,000
Interbank with Maybank - New York Branch Nostro account	2,610,094	18,700,751
Interbank with Maybank - Nongduang Branch Vostro account		

Significant transactions with related parties during the period were as follows:

	2022 LAK'000	2021 LAK'000
Interest expense for term deposit to Maybank HQ	(383,760)	(162,908)
_	(383,760)	(162,908)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2022 and for the year then ended

22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Transactions with key management personnel of the Branch

Remuneration to members of the Board of Management is as follows:

	3,274,023	1,995,344
Salaries Bonus and other benefits	2,572,094 701,929	1,995,344
	31/12/2022 LAK'000	31/12/2021 LAK'000

23. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no matter or circumstance that has arisen since 31 December 2022 that requires adjustment or disclosure to be made in the financial statements of the Branch.

Malayan Booking Bookad Lao Branch

ppog

Reviewed by:

Mr. Tan Tee Huat

General Manager

Prepared by:

Mr. Sithiphon Sisudajan

Head of Finance Department

Vientiane, Lao PDR

27 March 2023